

General filter theory:

Normalized and real filters:

Normalized filters have cut-off pulsation $\omega_c=1\text{rad/s}$ at -3dB and impedance $Z_c=1\Omega$. The following equations allow de-normalizing filters to a given frequency and to a given impedance.

Frequency de-normalization:

$$C' = \frac{C}{\omega} ; L' = \frac{L}{\omega} ; R' = R$$

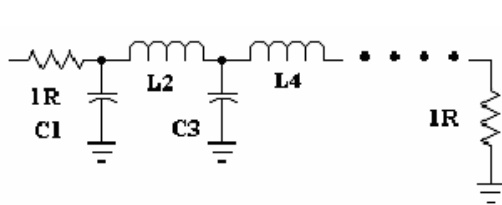
Impedance de-normalization:

$$C'' = \frac{C'}{Z} ; L'' = ZL' ; R'' = ZR'$$

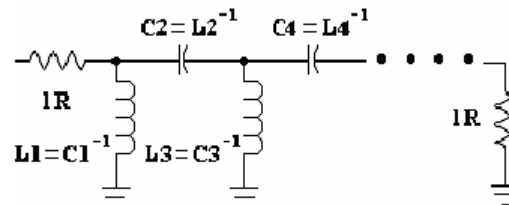
Low-pass to high-pass transformation:

To transform a normalized low-pass filter into a normalized high-pass filter ($\omega_c=1\text{rad/s}$ at -3dB and $Z_c=1\Omega$) just replace every capacitor with an inductance, and every inductance with a capacitor, using the equations below.

$$C_{hp} = \frac{1}{L_{lp}} ; L_{hp} = \frac{1}{C_{lp}} ; R_{hp} = R_{lp}$$

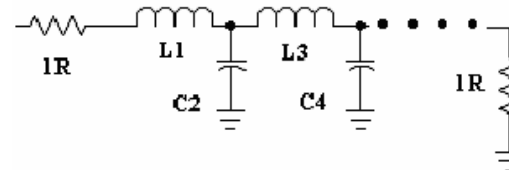
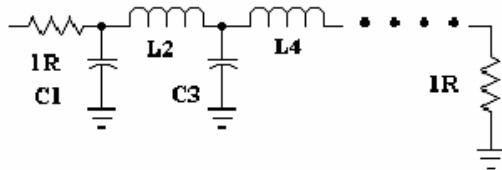


Normalized low-pass filter.



Normalized high-pass filter.

Butterworth normalized filter:



N	C1	L2	C3	L4	C5	L6	C7
N	L1	C2	L3	C4	L5	C6	L7
2	1.414	1.414					
3	1.000	2.000	1.000				
4	0.765	1.848	1.848	0.765			
5	0.618	1.618	2.000	1.618	0.618		
6	0.518	1.414	1.932	1.932	1.414	0.518	
7	0.445	1.247	1.802	2.000	1.802	1.247	0.518